## **Greater or Less Than One**

DEC 1

Instructions: Compare the top and bottom numbers of each fraction to tell if its value is greater than 1 or less than 1. Use the greater than (>) or less than (<) signs to show which has the greatest value.

$$\frac{1}{3} \leqslant 1$$

$$\frac{0}{10}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{2}{1}$$
  $\triangleright$  1

$$\frac{17}{10}$$
  $\bigcirc$  1

$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{22}{7}$$
 > 1

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{9}{3} \geqslant 1$$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{5}{16}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{4}{3}$$
 > 1

$$\frac{21}{50}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{14}{20}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{18}{11}$$
  $>$  1

$$\frac{25}{30}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{30}{34}$$
 < 1

$$\frac{18}{4}$$
 **1**

$$\frac{100}{78}$$
  $\bigcirc$  1

## Base 10 "Building Blocks"

Instructions: Complete the table below. Multiply by 10 to find Powers of 10 that are greater than 1. (hint: each time you multiply by 10, you can just put another zero on the end of your answer.) The first two have been done for you.

$1 \times 10 =$	10	ten
10 × 10 =	100	one hundred
100 × 10 =	1,000	one thousand
1,000 × 10 =	10,000	ten thousand
10,000 × 10 =	100,000	one hundred thousand
100,000 × 10 =	1,000,000	one million
1,000,000 × 10 =	10,000,000	ten million

Instructions: Complete the table below. Divide by 10 to find Powers of 10 that are less than 1. (hint: each time you divide by 10, you can just put another zero on the end of the denominator.) The first two have been done for you.

$$1 \div 10 = \frac{1}{10} \qquad \text{one tenth}$$
 
$$\frac{1}{10} \div 10 = \frac{1}{100} \qquad \text{one hundredth}$$
 
$$\frac{1}{100} \div 10 = \frac{1}{1,000} \qquad \text{one thousandth}$$
 
$$\frac{1}{1,000} \div 10 = \frac{1}{10,000} \qquad \text{one ten-thousandth}$$
 
$$\frac{1}{10,000} \div 10 = \frac{1}{100,000} \qquad \text{one hundred-thousandth}$$



Name:		
Date:		

## **Number Place Names**

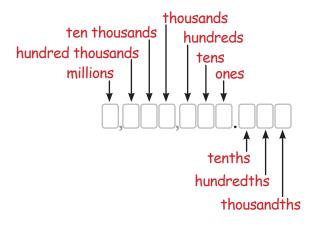
DEC 3

Instructions: The diagram to the right shows the names of the Number Places we use most often. Use this diagram to help you complete the exercises below.

Example

put a 2 in the tens place





- put a 1 in the ones place
- put a 5 in the thousands place
  - put a 8 in the hundreds place
- put a 4 in the tenths place 4
- put a 3 in the millions place 5
- put a 6 in the ten thousands place 6
- put a 7 in the hundredths place
- put a 0 in the tens place 8
- put a 2 in the thousandths place 9
- put a 9 in the hundred thousands 10 place



Name:		
Date:		

**Number Places** DEC 4

**Instructions:** Put the correct digits in the Number Places to show the amounts listed. If there are empty Number Places between digits, fill them with zeros as place-holders.

> 3 tens 5 ones 8 hundredths

	35.08
,	
	Fill empty spots between
	Fill empty spots between other digits with zeros

4 hundreds 2 ones 5 tenths

- 8 thousands 7 tens
- [8][0][7][0][1][3]
- 1 tenth 3 hundredths
- 5 ten thousands 4 thousands 2 ones

6 tenths

54	00	2	6	

- 3 ones 1 tenth
- 3 | 1 | 4 | 1
- 4 hundredths 1 thousandth
- 2 ten thousands
- 29800.707
- 9 thousands 8 hundreds
  - 7 tenths
  - 7 thousandths
- 7 millions
- 7,090,460,907
- 9 ten thousands
  - 4 hundreds 6 tens
  - 9 tenths
  - 7 thousandths



Name:			

Date:

## The Decimal Point

F-DEC 5

Instructions: These numbers are missing a decimal point. Put a decimal point in the spot necessary to make the number shown in written form.

- fifty-nine point seven five point ninety-seven
- twenty-five point six 256 2 256 two point fifty-six
- three-hundred, sixty-five point four 3654 3 3654 thirty six point fifty-four
- fifteen point seven, five 15,75 1575 one hundred, fifty-seven point five
- eight point one, five, six 8156 5 8156 eight-hundred, fifteen point six
- three-thousand, two-hundred point nine 32009 6 32009 thirty-two point zero, zero, nine
- 55214. (optional) fifty-five thousand, two-hundred, fourteen 55214 fifty-five point two, one, four
- six-hundred and two point five, seven 60257 8 60257 sixty point two, five, seven